the USH 53 Expressway Project. No known individuals were identified. The 139 associated funerary objects include ceramics, sherds, projectile point, scrapers, and flakes, shell, copper fragments, galena fragments, stone pipe bowls, catlinite fragments, bison scapula hoes, river cobbles, mammal bone, and wood fragments.

Based on radiocarbon data and ceramic typology, the Tremaine site has been identified as an Oneota occupation dating between 1300-1600 A.D. The Oneota tradition in western Wisconsin has generally been documented by native oral traditions, European explorers' accounts, historians, and anthorpologists as ancesteral to the present-day Iowa Tribe, the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

In 1989, humam remains representing a minimum of one individual were recovered from the Filler site (47-Lc-0149) by field crews of the Museum Archaeology Program, State Historical Society of Wisconsin under a cooperative agreement with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation as part of the USH 53 Expressway Project. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects were present.

Based on radiocarbon dates and ceramic typology, the Filler site has been identified as an Oneota Valley View Phase occupation dating between 1500-1650 A.D. The Oneota tradition in western Wisconsin has generally been documented by native oral traditions, European explorers' accounts, historians, and anthorpologists as ancesteral to the present-day Iowa Tribe, the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

In 1986 and 1989, human remains representing a minimum of one indivdiual were recovered from the OT site (47-Lc-0262) by field crews of the Museum Archaeology Program, State Historical Society of Wisconsin under a cooperative agreement with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation as part of the USH 53 Expressway Project. No known individuals were identified. The 26 associated funerary objects include ceramics, ceramic sherds, lithics (including projectile points, scrapers, & flakes), shell, shell beads, a copper disc, copper beads, stone pipe bowls, and wood fragments.

Based on radiocarbon dates and ceramic typology, the OT site has been identified as an Oneota Valley View phase occupation dating between 1450-1650 A.D. The Oneota tradition in western Wisconsin has generally been

documented by native oral traditions, European explorers' accounts, historians, and anthorpologists as ancesteral to the present-day Iowa Tribe, the Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of a minimum of 141 individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the 165 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma, Iowa Tribe of Kansas, Otoe/Missouria Tribe of Oklahoma, Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin, and Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact David Wooley, Curator of Anthropology, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 816 State Street, Madison, WI 53706-1488; telephone: (608) 264-6574, before September 14, 1998. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: August 10, 1998.

## Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

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## **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to Comprehensive Environmental Response**, **Compensation and Liability Act** (CERCLA)

In accordance with Department of Justice policy, notice is hereby given that on July 28, 1998, a proposed Consent Decree in United States v.

Anamet, Inc., et al., Civil No. 98-2174, was lodged in the United States District Court for the Central District of Illinois. The Compliant filed by the United States sought to recover costs incurred by the United States pursuant to CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., at the Dunavan Oil Site ("Site") in Oakwood, Vermilion County, Illinois. The Consent Decree requires Anamet Inc., Citizens Gas and Coke Utility, Nacco Materials Handling Group, Inc., General Electric Co., General Motors Corp., Panhandle Eastern Pipeline Co., R.R. Donnelly & Sons, Trunkline Gas Co., UNR Industries, Walker Construction Co., Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois, Liquid Waste Removal, and Gurney J. Busch, Inc., to reimburse the United States in the amount of \$175,000.00 in past costs incurred by the United States in connection with the

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments concerning the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, **Environment and Natural Resources** Division, U.S. Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC 20044, and should refer to United States v. Anamet, Inc., et al., D.J. Ref. No. 90-11-2-1262.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at any of the following offices: (1) The United States Attorney for the Central District of Illinois, 201 South Vine Street, Suite 226, Urbana, IL 61801 (contact Assistant United States Attorney David Hoff); (2) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590 (contact Assistant Regional Counsel Jose DeLeon); and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, 202-624-0892. Copies of the proposed Consent Decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005, telephone (202) 624-0892. For a copy of the Consent Decree please enclose a check in the amount of \$8.00 (25 cents per page reproduction costs) payable to Consent Decree Library.

## Joel M. Gross.

Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 98-21913 Filed 8-13-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-15-M